WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A method of cleaning a surface of an object by removing contaminant particles from the surface of the object, the method comprising:

placing the object in the chamber with the surface to be cleaned exposed; sealing the chamber; and

reducing a gas pressure in the chamber, wherein the gas pressure is reduced to 10^{-2} mbar in less than 5 seconds.

- 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein the object is a lithographic mask.
- 3. A method according to claim 1, further comprising increasing the gas pressure subsequent to reducing the gas pressure, wherein the gas pressure is increased in less than 5 seconds.
- 4. A method according to claim 3, wherein the gas pressure is increased to an original gas pressure before the gas pressure was reduced.
- 5. A method according to claim 1, further comprising cycling the gas pressure between a low pressure and a higher pressure.
- 6. A method according to claim 1, further comprising increasing the gas pressure prior to reducing the gas pressure.
- 7. A method according to claim 1, further comprising providing an electric field to attract and remove the contaminant particles from the surface.
- 8. A method according to claim 7, further comprising charging the surface of the object.
- 9. A method according to claim 1, further comprising vibrating the object.
- 10. A method according to claim 1, further comprising changing the temperature of the object.

- 11. A method according to claim 1, further comprising bombarding the surface of the object with inert particles.
- 12. A method according to claim 11, wherein the inert particles are condensed $C0_2$.
- 13. A method according to claim 1, further comprising applying a layer of liquid to the surface of the object.
- 14. A method according to claim 13, wherein the layer is uniform across an entire surface of the object.
- 15. An apparatus for removing contaminant particles from surfaces of objects, the apparatus, comprising:
 - a chamber with a door;
 - a pump configured to reduce the gas pressure of the sealed chamber; and at least one of the following:
- a voltage source configured to provide an electric field to attract and remove the contaminant particles from the surface;
 - an actuator configured to vibrate the object;
- an inert particle supply configured to bombard the surface of the object with inert particles; and
- a liquid supply configured to apply a layer of liquid to the surface of the object.
- 16. An apparatus according to claim 15, wherein the voltage source is configured to charge the surface of the object.
- 17. An apparatus for removing particles from surfaces of objects, comprising: a chamber with a door;
 - means for reducing the gas pressure of the sealed chamber; and at least one of the following:
- means for providing an electric field to attract and remove the contaminant particles from the surface;
 - means for vibrating the object;

means for bombarding the surface of the object with inert particles; and means for applying a layer of liquid to the surface of the object.

- 18. An apparatus according to claim 17, wherein the means for providing an electric field charges the surface of the object.
- 19. A lithographic projection apparatus, comprising:
 - a radiation system configured to provide a projection beam of radiation;
- a support configured to support a patterning device, the patterning device configured to pattern the projection beam according to a desired pattern;
 - a substrate table configured to hold a substrate;
- a projection system configured to project the patterned beam onto a target portion of the substrate; and
- a device configured to remove contaminant particles from surfaces of objects comprising:
 - a chamber capable of being sealed; and
- a pump configured to reduce a gas pressure of the sealed chamber to 10^{-2} mbar in less than 5 seconds.
- 20. A lithographic apparatus according to claim 18, wherein the device configured to remove contaminant particles comprises at least one of the following:
- a voltage source configured to provide an electric field to attract and remove the contaminant particles from the surface;
 - an actuator configured to vibrate the object;
- an inert particle supply configured to bombard the surface of the object with inert particles; and
 - a liquid supply configured to apply a layer of liquid to the surface of the object.